

In this treasure hunt you have to look for animals that meet the characteristics that are explained below. Once you find them you have to make yourself a selfie with the animal. The first group to find the animals and have selfies with them wins the game

1. This marine invertebrate has an exoskeleton that protects its body, has articulated appendages, bilateral symmetry and 5 pairs of legs.

2. This vertebrate has scaly skin, mouth shaped like a beak, is cold-blooded, breathes through lungs, is oviparous and has an outer shell that protects it.

3. This marine invertebrate has no skeleton, has radial symmetry, soft body with a single hole that acts as mouth and anus, is carnivore and hunts by injecting poison to its prey with special cells called cnidoblasts. They are swimming freely in the water

4. This marine invertebrate has a skeleton under the skin formed by calcareous plates. It has radial symmetry, it is carnivorous, it breathes through gills and it moves using an ambulacral system with ambulatory feet.

5. This marine vertebrate has scaly skin, fusiform body, its extremities are fins, it is carnivorous, it breathes through gills, it is large and has several rows of very sharp teeth.

6. This marine invertebrate has an external skeleton formed by two shells, has a soft body divided into head, visceral mass and foot, has bilateral symmetry and feeds by filtering the water

7. This marine invertebrate lives fixed to the seabed. It presents a very simple structure with numerous pores and ducts that run through your body. It has no symmetry, it has an irregular shape. It feeds by water filtration

8. This marine invertebrate has no skeleton, presents radial symmetry, soft body with a single hole that acts as mouth and anus, is carnivorous and hunts by injecting poison to its prey with special cells called cnidoblasts. Lives fixed to the seabed.

9. This marine vertebrate has scaly feet, fusiform body, its extremities are fins, it is carnivorous, it breathes through gills, it is medium-sized and it has an area between the eyes that is colored golden (dorado), that gives it its name.

10. This marine invertebrate has an internal skeleton formed by a shell, has a soft body divided into head, visceral mass and foot (which in this case is divided into tentacles), has bilateral symmetry and travels by a jet propulsion system with a siphon